



European Union



Project Title:	Improving Food Security for Women and the Rural Poor in Mondulkiri Province (IFWP-MP)
Donor:	European Union (EU)
Project Term:	27 months (October 20, 2009 to December 31, 2011)
Budget:	419,366.60 EUR
Project Staff:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 Project Director (Part-time, 30%) • 1 Project Coordinator (Part-time, 89%) • 1 Project Officer • 1 Monitoring and Evaluation Officer • 1 Project Trainer • 2 District Coordinators • 2 Project Counterparts (Part-time, 50%) • 1 Project Accountant • 6 Community-based Field Assistants
Target Area:	30 villages across 9 communes in 2 districts (Koh Ngiek and Pechr Chenda districts) of Mondulkiri Province
Beneficiaries:	<p>Target groups: 1,000 direct beneficiary farmer families from 30 villages across 9 communes of 2 districts including 120 women-led families, 120 farmer promoters, 120 village-based farmer association leaders, 120 farmer producer group members, 120 saving group leaders, and 150 representative of local authorities and local stakeholders</p> <p>Final beneficiaries: 2,700 farmer families, or around 13,500 individual farmers, in 30 villages across 9 communes of 2 districts of Mondulkiri Province will indirectly benefit from farmer-to-farmer extension with the project's target groups and through improved access to services provided by the farmer associations supported by the project</p>
Project Goal:	To contribute to poverty alleviation and invest in the livelihoods of vulnerable groups within the target area
Project Objective:	To enable the subsistence farmers and vulnerable social groups - especially women - to increase their economic and social conditions through increased food production and income as well as improved social cooperation
Project Activities	Project activities:

<p>and Anticipated Results:</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Train and coach: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 120 key farmers/farmer promoters (FP): 40 FPs on system of rice intensification (SRI); 20 FPs on multi-purpose farming (MPF); 20 FPs on improving pig raising techniques; 40 FPs on ecological chicken raising (ECR) - 120 leaders for 30 village-based farmer associations - 120 saving group leaders and 120 farmer producer group leaders to mobilize 30 farmer-led saving groups, 30 women-led saving groups, 20 rice farmer producer groups, 20 chicken farmer producer groups, 10 vegetable farmer producer groups, 15 rice banks, and 5 agricultural input producer groups (piglet, rice seed and chick) • Set up two community-based learning and marketing centers (CBLM) • Organize dialogues and forums to build the capacity of 150 local stakeholders at the communal land district levels • Establish one project coordination team consisting of 25 members including representatives from the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries; village chiefs; commune council members; district authorities; NGO representatives and other relevant government institutions • Select 22 local experts for one community-based organization to provide development services to the villagers <p>Anticipated Results:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Farmers will gain food security and increase family incomes through increased rice production and by diversifying their agricultural production through the application of the innovations introduced and promoted by the project • Improved solidarity and cooperation among farmers as well as greater sustainability of the farmer associations and their collective actions because of more skilled farmer representatives • Vulnerable social groups will be empowered and able to engage with local and relevant national government institutions and in local level decision-making process affecting their food and nutritional security • The local authority and local stakeholders will increase their knowledge about and their actions in promoting participatory and effective social development in their villages and communes
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